

Microbiological Efficacy Summary

POTENCY TESTS SUMMARY

POTENCY TESTS							
ORGANISM	TEST METHOD	TEST TYPE	RESULT				
SPORES							
Bacillus subtilis Clostridium sporogenes	AOAC 966.04	Carrier	No positive primary or secondary subculture tubes demonstrating a total kill in all 720 carriers tested				
MYCOBACTERIA							
Mycobacterium terrae	Ascenzi et al., 1987/ASTM E2315	Suspension	>6.01 log₁₀ reduction				
	FUI	NGI					
Trichophyton interdigitale	AOAC 955.17	Suspension	No positive culture tubes				
Aspergillus brasiliensis	AOAC Use	Carrier	demonstrating a total kill				
Candida albicans	Dilution Method		demonstrating a total kill				
	VIRU	JSES					
Poliovirus Type 1 Herpes Simplex Virus (HSV) Type 1 Adenovirus Type 5 Influenza Virus Human Coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2 Surrogate Virus) Human Norovirus Surrogate (Feline Calicivirus) Human Hepatitis B Virus Surrogate (Duck Hepatitis B Virus) Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Type 1	ASTM E1053 Surface		≥4 log ₁₀ reduction with no residual virus detected				
	BACT	ΓERIA					
Staphylococcus aureus Pseudomonas aeruginosa Salmonella enterica Haemophilus influenzae Vancomycin-Resistant Enterococcus faecalis (VRE) Multi-Drug Resistant Streptococcus pneumoniae Staphylococcus epidermidis Streptococcus agalacticae Carbapenem-Resistant Klebsiella pneumoniae Extended Spectrum Beta-Lactamase (ESBL) producing	AOAC 955.15 AOAC 964.02 AOAC 955.14 AOAC Use Dilution Method	Carrier	No positive culture tubes demonstrating a total kill				



SIMULATED-USE TESTS SUMMARY

According to FDA guidance, Tristel OPH demonstrated high-level disinfection by achieving at least a 6 \log_{10} (10⁶) reduction in inoculated mycobacteria within a contact time of two minutes.

MYCOBACTERIUM TERRAE SIMULATED-USE TESTS					
DEVICE MANUFACTURER	DEVICE TYPE	MODEL	RESULTS (AVERAGE log₁0 REDUCTION)		
Haag-Streit	Tonometer	Doubling Prism	7.4		
Volk	Gonio Lens	VG4HM	7.6		
Volk	Contact Lens	Volk Area Centralis Lens (VAC)	7.4		
Nidek	A-scan Probe	A-scan Probe	7.3		
NeoLight	Retinal Imaging Lens	Phoenix ICON Handpiece	7.8		
Ocular Instruments	Contact Lens	Posner Diagnostic & Surgical Gonioprism	7.4		
Quantel Medical	B-scan Probe	B-scan Probe (15MHz) B1	7.1		

Efficacy was demonstrated in a study using infectious HPV types 16 and 18 on an endocavitary ultrasound probe, achieving the required $4 \log_{10} (10^4)$ reduction in viral load.

HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS TYPES 16 & 18 SIMULATED-USE TESTS						
DEVICE MANUFACTURER	DEVICE TYPE	MODEL	RESULTS (AVERAGE LOG₁0 REDUCTION)			
Siemens Healthineers	Endocavitary ultrasound probe	Acuson EC9-4	4.9 log ₁₀ reduction in HPV Type 16			
			4.1 log ₁₀ reduction in HPV Type 18			



IN-USE TESTS SUMMARY

The In-Use study involved ophthalmic devices from a clinical setting, utilized by clinical staff during patient care.

Test Devices: Tonometers & Pachymetry tips

Microbial Recovery Method: An immersion technique was employed to ensure comprehensive sampling of all relevant device surfaces.

Background Control: Four positive control devices were tested to establish baseline contamination levels of wild-type bacteria and fungi before any cleaning or disinfection. Of these, two were allocated for bacterial analysis, and two for fungal analysis.

Disinfection Procedure: Tristel OPH high-level disinfection was performed on-site by trained clinical staff.

RESULTS

SAMPLE/ TREATMENT	NUMBER OF SAMPLES TESTED	BACTERIA RECOVERED	FUNGI RECOVERED	CONCLUSION ON MICROBIAL SURVIVAL
Baseline Positive Controls (Not Disinfected)	4	Microorganisms recovered	Microorganisms recovered*	Confirmed pre-disinfection contamination
Test Samples (Disinfected with Tristel OPH)	18	No bacteria recovered	No fungi recovered	No microbial survival

No yeast or fungi were recovered from positive control devices. The microorganisms recovered were bacteria that grew on Sabouraud Dextrose Agar (SDA) plates.